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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

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SPAIN IS WARNED

United States Will Interfere Unless War Ceases.

SO SAYS AMERICAN MINISTER

Spain Already Looking For Trouble.

Populace in Madrid Seeking Excuses for Insulting the American Flag.

PARIS, September 20.—A dispatch from San Sebastian to the Temps of this city says that in his interview yesterday with the Duke of Tetuan, the Spanish Minister for Foreign Affairs, the United States Minister to Spain, General Stewart L. Woodford, did not present any claim for indemnity, but confined the interview to a moderate phase in the statement of the great injuries commerce and industry had suffered in the United States through the prolongation of the Cuban war.

General Woodford is said to have added that Secretary Sherman had desired him to declare to the Spanish Government that it was evidently impossible for Spain to end the rebellion in a reasonable time, and further, that if the war was continued Cuba would be devastated and of no utility to Spain or to the Cubans. In conclusion the United States Minister is reported to have insisted earnestly and firmly upon the necessity of terminating the war, declaring that if it was not terminated by the end of October the United States would feel justified in taking measures to secure the independence of Cuba.

WAR CLOUD DARKENS.

Mobilization of British Forces on Indian Frontier.

LONDON, September 18.—The fact that no less than ten batteries of horse and field artillery have been ordered to embark for India during the months of September and October is much commented upon in military circles. Under ordinary circumstances, the four batteries now in India would have been relieved this month. But these batteries have been ordered to remain in India, and therefore there will shortly be on the frontier fourteen batteries of artillery, a full complement for an army corps.

As the British force now assembled on the frontier is of ample strength to wipe out all visible resistance, the only conclusion that can be reached in relation to the dispatch of re-enforcements for the artillery are that the authorities are possessed of information of a serious character. The information conveyed by the War Office Monday last to the London commercial agent of the Amer. of Afghanistan, that no war material or machinery for the manufacture thereof would be allowed to cross the frontier during the present crisis, indicates that the British Government has by no means entire confidence in the Amer's fidelity, and it is hinted that the Government has learned that, while professing friendliness to Great Britain, he has been secretly preparing for war.

Well-informed circles are also discussing the story of secret correspondence between Russia and Afghanistan, which is said to have fallen into the hands of the British officials, and it is further intimated that a widespread plot has been discovered.

GOMEZ IS EJECTED.

Weyler Cables Same Old Story of Ending Cuban Rebellion.

NEW YORK, September 18.—The Herald's correspondent at Havana cables: News of the election of Dr. Domingo Mendez Capoe as Cuba's new President is confirmed. I have it also on good authority that Bartolome Maso was re-elected president of the Congress. General Maximo Gomez has been made Minister of War and General Calisto Garcia was appointed Commander-in-Chief.

Captain-General Weyler cables to the Government saying that he is perfectly confident of being able to pacify Cuba in four months.

PEARY HAS RETURNED.

Comes Back From North Greenland for the Winter.

SYDNEY, Cape Breton, September 20.—The steam sailing bark Hope, with Peary and party on board, returning from North Greenland, arrived here this afternoon. All on board are well. The Hope came into port burning her last ton of coal and with her bulwarks and decks giving evidence of the fur-

ous seas of unusually stormy weather. She is nearly as deep in the water as when she left here in the latter part of July with her bunkers full of coal, for the huge Cape York meteorite, the largest in the world, is in her hold, bedded in tons of ballast.

SPAIN IS TOUCHY.

Prospects of War With United States Brouse Bitter Feelings.

LONDON, September 19.—There is no use denying that the situation in Spain is rapidly going from bad to worse. It is perhaps because it is getting so desperate that antagonism to the United States is growing stronger, and is to some extent encouraged by the attitude of the Government. Unfavorable construction is put upon the most trifling acts of General Woodford.

There is even unfavorable comment upon the fact that he has decided to live at a hotel for four months, on the pretext that he requires time to select a house to suit his family. This is interpreted to mean that he knows his instructions are likely to lead to a rupture, and he wants to be able to depart without difficulty.

Public insults to America are becoming very common. The Imparcial, the principal journal of Madrid, printed a leader Thursday in the form of an apocryphal letter from the Sultan of Morocco to President McKinley, begging him to communicate the secret of how he manages to escape the consequences of American outrages on Spain in Cuba, while he, the Sultan, is frequently compelled to pay for outrages by the Riff pirates.

MAY RESUME WORK.

Mines in Lattimer About to Re-open Again.

HAZLETON, Pa., September 19.—Absolute quiet prevailed in the entire strike district today. Vice-President Maguire of the Federation of Labor left for Washington today to attend the meeting of the executive council, which is to consider the situation, and George Chance of the United Labor League went to Scranton for a similar meeting of labor men there.

The only movements among the military were the practice rides of the Governor's and city troops and the afternoon dress parade.

Tomorrow is looked forward to as a decisive day. An attempt will be made to resume at Lattimer, where there will be 1,200 men, and at Audenfeld. There are nearly 2,500 men at the latter place, and they were the first to go out. Many of them wanted to work, but bands of women have prevented them during the past few days.

To insure protection a squadron of cavalry and the entire Eighth Regiment will go to the scene. The men at Cox's Drift mine are also to decide tomorrow upon staying out or continuing at work.

TO ESTABLISH OUTPOST.

American Military Will Guard Yukon Frontier.

WASHINGTON, September 17.—The report from Captain Ray, the army officer who was sent to Alaska to investigate the condition of affairs there, formed the basis of the Cabinet decision today to send a small force of soldiers to St. Michael at the earliest moment. Captain Ray's advice was dated August 17th. He was then at St. Michael, about to take the steamer up the Yukon for Circle City.

His report showed that without doubt great suffering must be expected in the Klondike region this winter, owing to the lack of food supplies. Further details on that point were promised at a later date. He regarded it as essential that some kind of force acting under lawful authority be placed at St. Michael to restrain the lawless element.

Secretary Alger, late this afternoon, gave the necessary orders for the sending of troops. There will be only 25 infantrymen, and they will be sent from Fort D. A. Russell, where Captain Ray had made a selection of hardy soldiers to accompany him when he was about to go north before.

TO ABANDON PROVINCES.

Weyler Finds He Cannot Control Interior.

NEW YORK, September 17.—The Sun's Havana cable says: The beginning of the end of the Cuban war is undoubtedly the decision forced upon General Weyler by the extraordinary activity of the insurgent army in six of the provinces of the island to abandon the inland provinces of Puerto Principe and Santiago de Cuba to the revolutionists and concentrate the Spanish forces at the seaports, where they can be supported by the Spanish navy.

The important military station of Puenrio, in Santiago de Cuba province, has been abandoned by the Spanish troops. The Spanish residents of Jiguan, Bayamo and Holguin, in the same province, are greatly alarmed by the prospect of being left to the mercy of the insurgents. In spite of orders he has received from Madrid not to abandon Bayamo the Captain-General has replied to the Spanish merchants of that town that the most he can promise them is to do his best without guaranteeing anything.

KING OF DENMARK INJURED.

Falls Down Spiral Staircase and is Badly Bruised.

LONDON, September 17.—Christian IX., the venerable King of Denmark, has been seriously injured by a fall on a spiral staircase in a Danish fortress, his mouth and chin being badly lacer-

ated, and, considering that he is in his eightieth year and for some time past has not been robust, his injury may have fatal consequences.

Christian, who is a very popular monarch, was declared King of Denmark in 1863. He married, in 1842, Princess Louise of Hesse-Cassel, and they have six children, all of whom occupy most prominent positions in the world of royalty in Europe. The eldest daughter is the Princess of Wales, prospective Queen of England; the second son is King George I. of Greece, who secured that crown in 1863. The second daughter, Dagmar, is the widow of Czar Alexander III. of Russia. Princess Thyra is the wife of the English Duke of Cumberland, while Prince Waldemar, the youngest of the sons, married Princess Marie of Orleans, daughter of the Duke of Chartres, the French royalist. The Crown Prince married the Crown Princess Louise of Sweden.

NOW HOLD GRENADA.

Rebels Meet Success in Uprising in Nicaragua.

PANAMA, September 20.—Nicaraguan reports, via Salvador, state that in the uprising in Grenada Sunday night an attack was made on the barracks, but owing to the strong resistance and the Government's activity in sending forces to the scene the revolutionists were defeated.

The Government troops recaptured the town after some hours' struggle and hard fighting, and the revolutionists fled toward Costa Rica, but it is thought they will be captured soon.

A dispatch from Nicaragua says an investigation into the revolutionary movement here shows that the disturbances developed at Granada and Jinotep. Generals Paez and Alfaro, commanding the revolutionists, are reported to have passed Jinotep yesterday, collecting money, arms and ammunition. It is added that they had only about 200 men and were going to the Pacific Ocean. Zelaya is actively collecting soldiers in the various departments.

THE PLAGUE IS ON.

Many New Victims Claimed by the Dread Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, La., September 19.—The local fever situation has undergone little change since yesterday. At 6 o'clock tonight the record-book in the Board of Health office showed a total of six new cases and two deaths.

The first two cases are in the extreme upper portion of the city; one in the Fourth District; one in the St. Claude-street house, where the original six cases were reported, and one in the Williams House, where two cases already existed. There are three cases under investigation.

The report of Dr. Metz, City Chemist, on the condition of the Italian quarter, moved the Board to prompt acceptance today of the offer to the city of the Marine Hospital as a refuge. Dr. Metz found as many as 60 people huddled together in the Italian quarter living in squalor and filth. In one of the rooms a goat was found sleeping nightly with the family who owned it.

KALISER'S NEW SHIP.

Largest Vessel in Germany's Navy Now Afloat.

BERLIN, September 18.—At the launching of a new German ironclad, Kaiser Wilhelm der Zweite at Wilhelmshaven, on Tuesday last, Prince Henry of Prussia emphasized in his conversation with the naval officers present that all misunderstandings between Emperor William and himself have been arranged.

The Kaiser Wilhelm der Zweite is the first really large German ironclad. She is wholly equipped with quick-firing guns, her main armament consisting of 18 15-centimeter guns, with a score of guns of a smaller caliber and a number of machine guns. The 15-centimeter guns are described as having marvelous penetrating power. The war ship will be completed in 1899, at a cost of 20,000,000 marks.

HAS CUT HIS HAIR.

Paderewski Tempts Fate and Visits a Barber.

PARIS, September 4.—The women of Paris were shocked today and those of the world elsewhere will be almost equally startled, to learn that Paderewski, the famous pianist, has had his hair cut short. The flowing locks which his enthusiastic admirers thought reflected his artistic genius, have disappeared. How the artist ever permitted himself to be shorn of his bushy chrysanthemum, as his crop of hair has been termed, is beyond comprehension. Paris has paused for a moment in shouting over the dual alliance in order to discuss the fresh topic called up by Paderewski's visit to his barber.

WAR IS OVER.

Pearce Declared and Signed by Turkey and Greece.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 20.—It was officially announced today that peace between Greece and Turkey had been signed, and the Ministers of War and Marine have so notified all the Turkish military and naval commanders.

Most of the European sovereigns have congratulated the Sultan upon the conclusion of peace.

Vandalla's Ensign Recovered.

WASHINGTON, September 9.—The State Department is informed that the standard 24-foot United States ensign, which went down with the Vandalla when that vessel was wrecked in the tidal wave in the port of Apia, Samoa, has been recovered and presented to the United States Consul-General's office at Apia. It is carried on the property returns of that Consulate, and is highly valued as a historic relic.

MURDER WAS DONE

Dr. J. K. Smith Shot in His Doorway.

NO CLUE TO MURDERER

Rode Off On Horse After Firing the Shot.

No Witnesses to the Crime—No Motive Assigned for the Deed.

News was received yesterday morning of the murder of Dr. J. K. Smith of Koloa, in the doorway of his residence, at 10 o'clock Friday night. Up to the time of the departure of the Mikahala from Kauai ports late Saturday afternoon no trace of the murderer had been obtained.

From letters received it appears that the deceased and his sister had been



THE LATE DR. J. K. SMITH.

sitting in the parlor of their residence on Friday night until 9:30, when the sister retired to her room. The doctor remained in the parlor for a few minutes longer, then went to his own room, removed his coat and began writing a letter. He had nearly finished it, when at a quarter to 10 a knock was heard at the front door. The doctor answered with a "Who's there?" but there was no response until a minute afterward, when Miss Smith heard some one at the door cough and the doctor leave his room to see what it was. She heard the blind open, a pistol shot and the fall of a heavy body. Rushing to the door, she found her brother lying prone upon the floor with his hands pressed against his chest. In a second he was dead.

Directly the shot was fired she heard a horse galloping up the road. There may have been two, but her anxiety for her brother's condition at the time prevented her paying close attention to the details of anything else. The neighbors were immediately called and the Sheriff and deputies notified, but owing to the darkness and absence of any good trailers it was impossible to get on the track of the fugitives.

The bullet entered the body on the left side, passing through the lung and heart and lodging midway through the right lung. Around the bullet hole in the shirt there were powder marks, but the cloth was not burned. According to expert testimony in a recent murder case in California the murderer could not have been more than three feet away, and it is supposed he was standing close to the house to the left of the door. It is possible he had been waiting there for an opportune moment in which to do his deadly work, and this came after Miss Smith had retired to her room to sleep. He apparently took no chances on detection by the lady in the event of his not reaching his horse promptly after committing the deed, for that reason he waited for some minutes after her light had been extinguished, and, supposing her to be asleep, knocked on the door. That he is some one whose voice is familiar to the family is evident from the fact that when the doctor called, in response to the knock, the man merely coughed to let him know he was still there, instead of giving any intelligible reply. The method of killing is that of a white man. It certainly shows none of the handwork of a native. The cough at the door even seems too deep

for a native, even though the act itself may have been inspired by a white man.

One of the theories advanced yesterday was that the doctor may have had the enmity of some of the Asiatics on the plantation and the murder was the result. But this is hardly probable. When a Chinaman or a Japanese wants to get even for a wrong, real or imaginary, he uses a cane knife or a bludgeon. So far as known, the deceased had no enemies on the island or anywhere else. He and his sister have used their private funds in the maintenance of the Kauai Industrial School, and in other ways have done much for the Hawaiians. One rumor on the streets was that the murderer was a man, whose wife, a leper, had been reported by Dr. Smith.

The Government has a record of all the firearms on the island. The bullet taken from the body by Drs. Campbell and Watt was from a 38-calibre revolver, and it is the intention of the Sheriff of Kauai to ascertain, if possible, the whereabouts of persons carrying 38-calibre revolvers on the night of the murder. With the complete records in the possession of the Sheriff, it is possible the murderer may be discovered in this way.

About a year ago the engagement of Dr. Smith to Miss Brewer, formerly principal of the Punahou Preparatory School, was announced, and the doctor had but finished a residence, which they were to occupy after the wedding, which was to shortly occur.

It is not probable that anything will be heard until the return of the Ke Au Hou, which left for Koloa yesterday with Attorney-General Smith, General Hartwell, Marshal Brown and Detective Kaapa as passengers.

Stamp Duty One Dollar.

The Supreme Court has decided that the assessment of the stamp duty by the Minister of Finance of \$2,000, on the valuation of \$400,000, should be \$1 on the valuation of five shillings. The statute provide that the duty upon a bill of sale of a ship shall be the same as on a conveyance, and that the duty upon a bill of conveyance shall be \$1 when the purchase or consideration money therein expressed shall not exceed \$500. The decision holds that the duty is assessable, only upon the actual consideration and then only upon such considerations as are mentioned in the statute. The only consideration mentioned in the statutes as affecting the stamp duty upon a bill of sale of a ship under the circumstances of the present case is "the purchase or consideration money therein mentioned and the stamp duty assessable upon the bill of sale in question is one dollar. The appeal is sustained and the stamp duty adjudged to be one dollar.

Kona Roads.

"The Kona road is fast nearing completion," says a correspondent from that district. "You can go in a carriage from the Kailua landing to Napoosop and from the former place to within one-half a mile from McGuire's ranch, a distance of 12 or 13 miles. Work on a trail from McGuire's to Eben Low's place in Waimea, has already begun. The road down from Napoosop to Honaunau will be finished and opened up within a very few days. The whole road will be completed at the end of the year. The road from Paris to Cleghorn's plantation is very bad. No care has been given it."

Death of Manley Hopkins.

Manley Hopkins, for many years Consul-General in London, is reported dead at the age of 88 years. Mr. Hopkins has been ill for some time, and on account of his feeble condition, he had his son, Cyril Hopkins, commissioned Deputy Consul-General some months ago. The deceased was the uncle of Charles L. Hopkins, a well-known Hawaiian of this city.

Magnetic Observations.

The officers of the French man-of-war Duguay Trouin will begin taking a series of magnetic observations at the Government buildings on Monday. The last were taken by the officers of H. B. M. S. Penguin, and previous to that Professor Preston, about four years ago, made some for the United States Government.

H. B. M. S. Comus Gone.

H. B. M. S. Comus, Dyke Commander, sailed for Tahiti Sunday morning at 8 o'clock. She will proceed from that place to the Marquesas Islands and will then call at several South American ports. The Comus is bound home to pay off. It is planned that she will reach England during the early part of the month of February.

Duguay-Trouin Thrown Open.

Through the kindness of Commodore Fort, the French cruiser Duguay Trouin was thrown open for public inspection between the hours of 1 and 5 p. m. yesterday. The large barge and the sailing cutter were put into use to trans-

The race for a dinner between the crews of the Alice M. and Stranger, both of the Myrtle Boat Club, will take place over the spar-buoy course at 5:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, September 29.